## From highly efficient and selective CO<sub>2</sub> to CO CHNOLOGIES conversion: as key step for Jet Fuel Production



AirCRAF1



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## Introduction and Aim

Alternative fuels produced from CO<sub>2</sub> constitute a core element to reach out goals for making flying carbon neutral as well as Europe's independence on fossil energy carriers. To do so, the **EU-Japan-Brazil** funded 4AirCRAFT project creates a disruptive concept for production of



**long-chain hydrocarbons at mild conditions** and will **proof the concept** by the validation of each individual module constituting the innovative cascade reactor.

In particular the electrochemical reduction of  $CO_2$  into CO is one the key steps within 4AirCRAFT cascade



## Materials and Experimental set-up LDH-based electrocatalysts Three LDH with different chemical composition

Ni-Al and Ni-Fe and Zn-Al LDH were synthesized and characterized and evaluated as potential electrocatalysts for  $CO_2$  reduction into CO.<sup>[1]</sup>







**Zn-Al LDH** shows a **67%** selectivity for **CO** and 92% selectivity for CO and  $H_2$  at -1.4V vs. RHE with KHCO<sub>3</sub> as an electrolyte



Conclusions

- The Zn-Al LDH is showing the best electrocatalytic performances with CO<sub>2</sub> affinity achieves up to 67% of selectivity for CO evolution.
- Preparation of a **customizable electrochemical cell**.
- Design and set up a test bench to carry out essays of CO2RR and monitoring carbon dioxide flues.

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[1] NAKAZATO, R., etl al. (2023). CO2 Electrochemical Reduction with Zn-Al Layered Double Hydroxide-Loaded Gas-Diffusion Electrode. Electrochemistry, 91(9), 097003-097003.

